

Where have all the career Drill and Blast Engineers gone?



The power of choice to make a compromise.

Decision making

Empowerment

Accountability

Specialisation

Career

Specialisation? It is not a bad idea, is it not condoned?

D&S Engineer



The Drill and Blast Engineer's Tool Box

What's in it?

- ❖ Mine planning
- ❖ Mine scheduling
- ❖ Mine Geology
- ❖ Geotechnical to maintain safe pit walls
- ❖ Geochemistry for hot/reactive ground
- ❖ Detonics to understand correct product selection
- ❖ Initiation systems to decide whether to use EBS, NONEL or detonating cord
- ❖ Environmental design implications to meet the mine's EA requirements



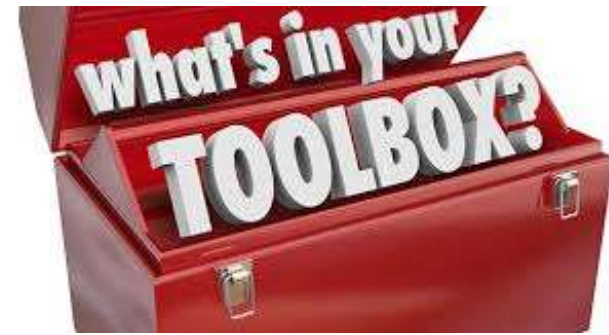
A Day in the Life of a D&B Engineer at Dawson Mine

- **Knowledge & Experience**
- **Experience outside the “norm”**
- **Suppliers are a source**
- **Drive Change**
- **Retention**

HOT HOLES AND REACTIVE GROUND

D&B ENGINEER TOOL BOX

- **Geology**
- **Geochemistry**
- **Detonics**
- **Initiation system limitations**



20 September 1975 Kiang No. 1
13 lives Lost



16 July 1986 Moura No. 4
12 lives lost



7 August 1994 Moura No. 2
11 lives lost









TERRACE HOT GROUND

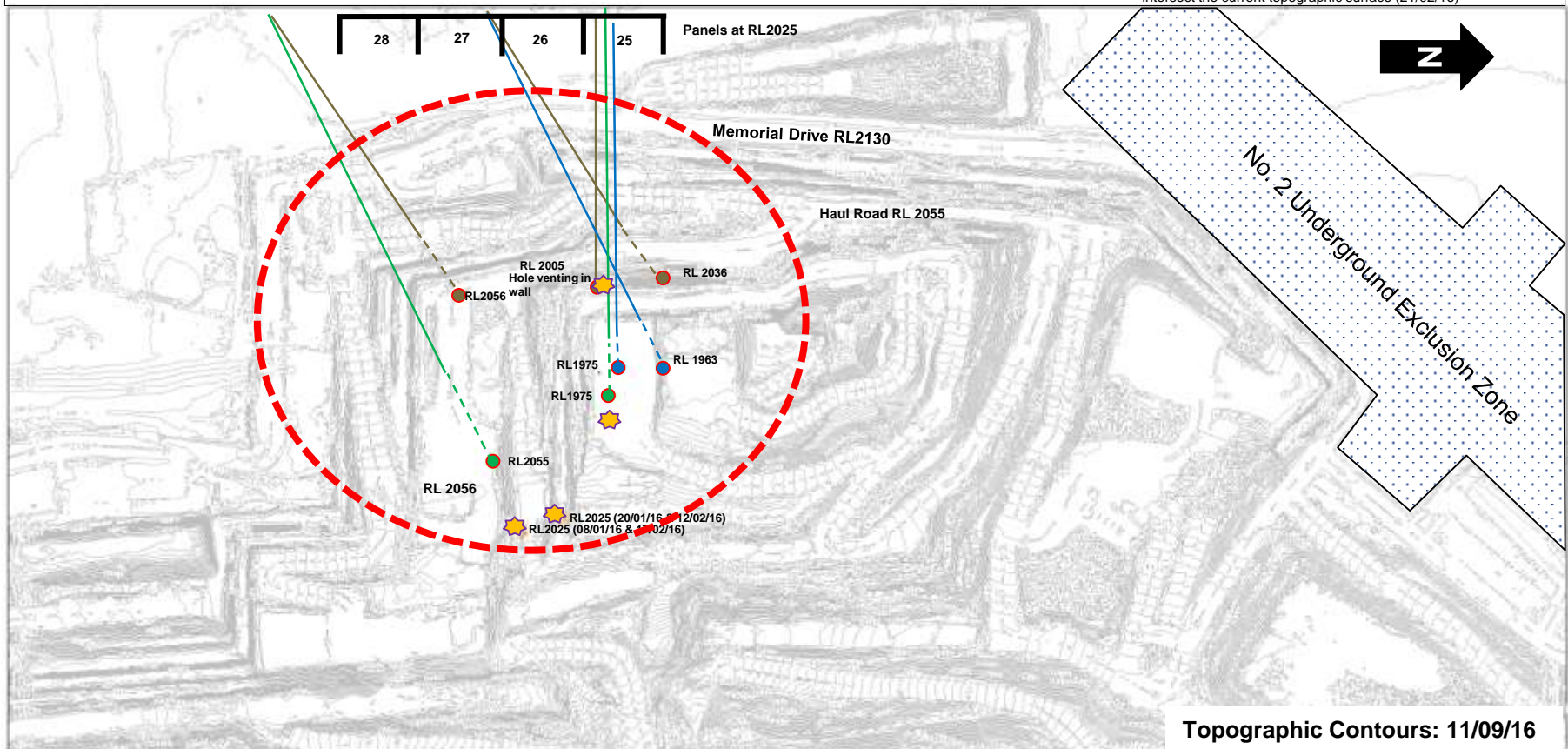


TERRACE GAS MAP

Legend

-  Past gas venting areas with survey pick-up
-  A seam lateral gas hole
-  C seam lateral gas hole
-  D seam lateral gas hole
-  Gas hole in target seam
-  Build section of gas hole; prior to entering target seam

Note: Gas holes are plotted and annotated an RL where they intersect the current topographic surface (21/02/16)

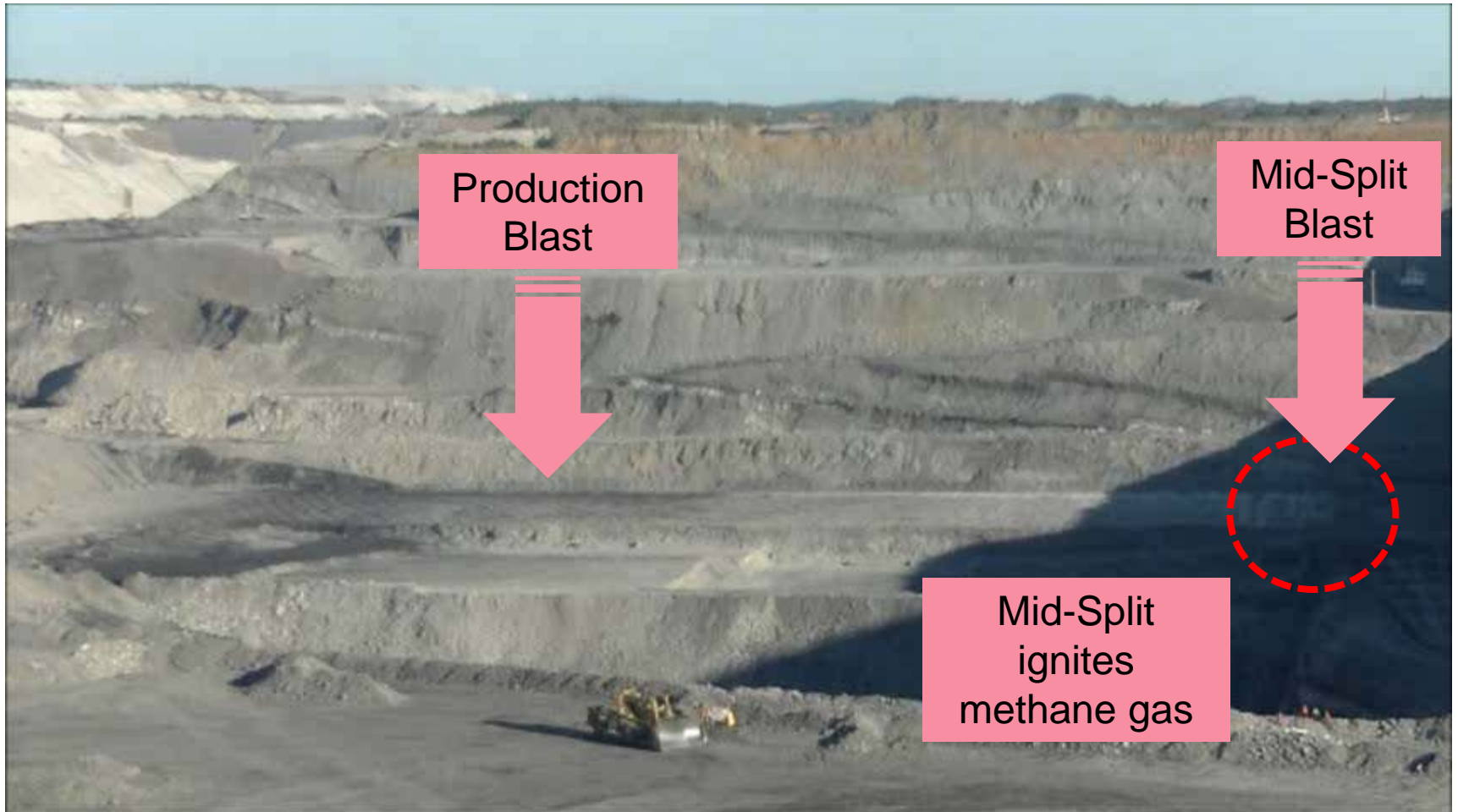


If you are working in these areas and require more information please do not hesitate to contact the Geology Team on 4990 9422 or 4990 9421

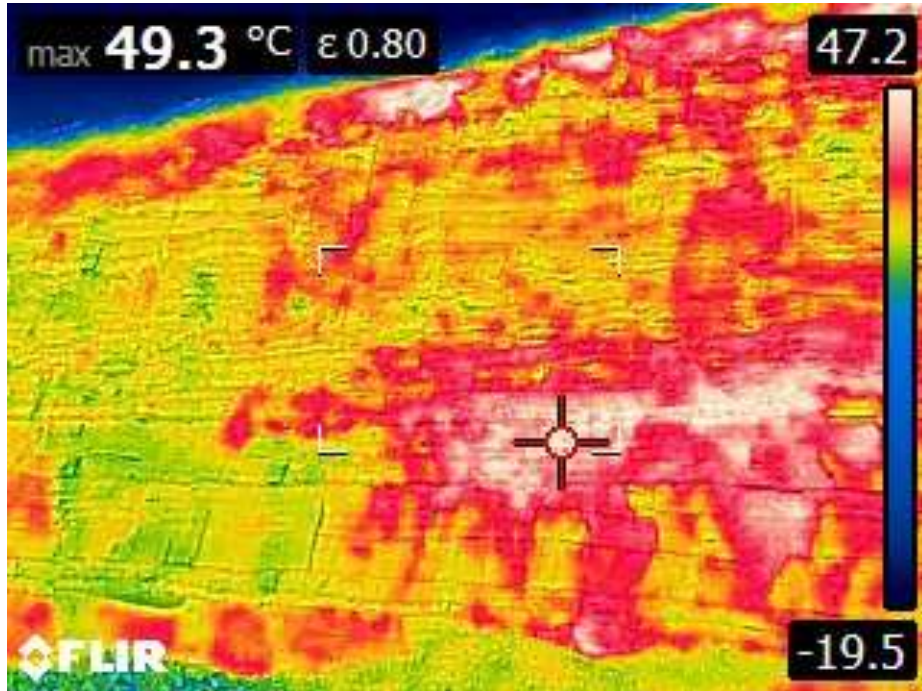
METHANE IGNITION



METHANE IGNITION

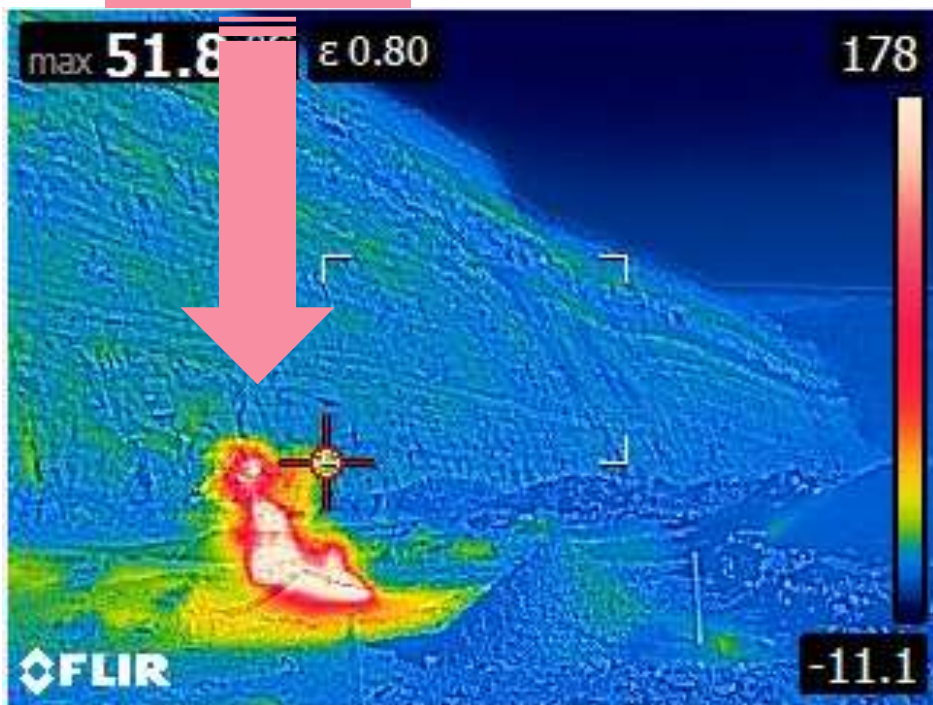


HOT GROUND



HOT GROUND

+300°C
Hole



+300°C
Hole



HOT GROUND

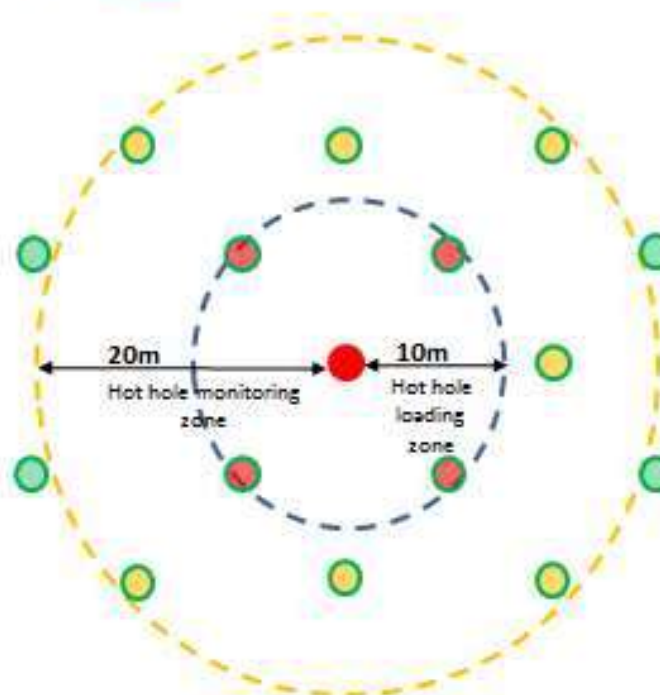
HOT SHOT - Loading Holes Greater than 55 deg C and less than 90 deg C

- Hole temp < 55 deg C
- Outside 20m monitoring zone
- No Flagging
- Load as normal hole on day of firing

- Hole temp < 55 deg C
- Yellow flagging
- Inside 20m monitoring zone
- Load as normal hole on day of firing

- Hole temp < 55 deg C
- Red flagging
- Inside 10m loading zone
- Load as hot hole on day of firing

- Hole temp > 55 deg C and < 90 deg C
- Red Flagging
- Load as hot hole on day of firing

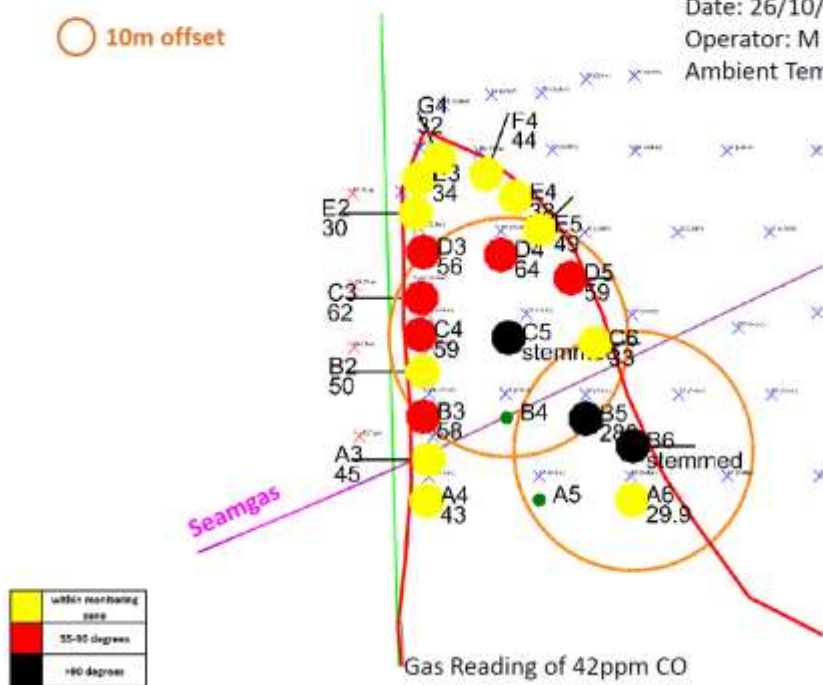


TCE_P26_C1945_WEST HOT SHOT HOLE TEMPS



○ 10m offset

Date: 26/10/2016 7am
Operator: M Sollitt
Ambient Temp: 24 Degrees

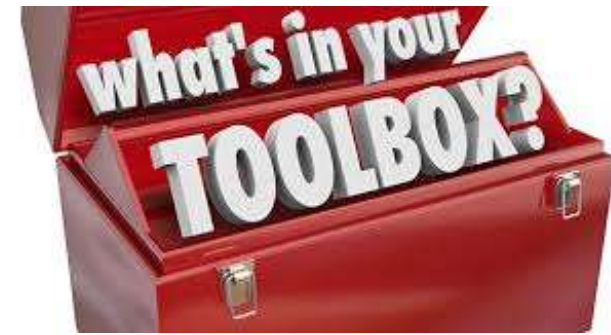


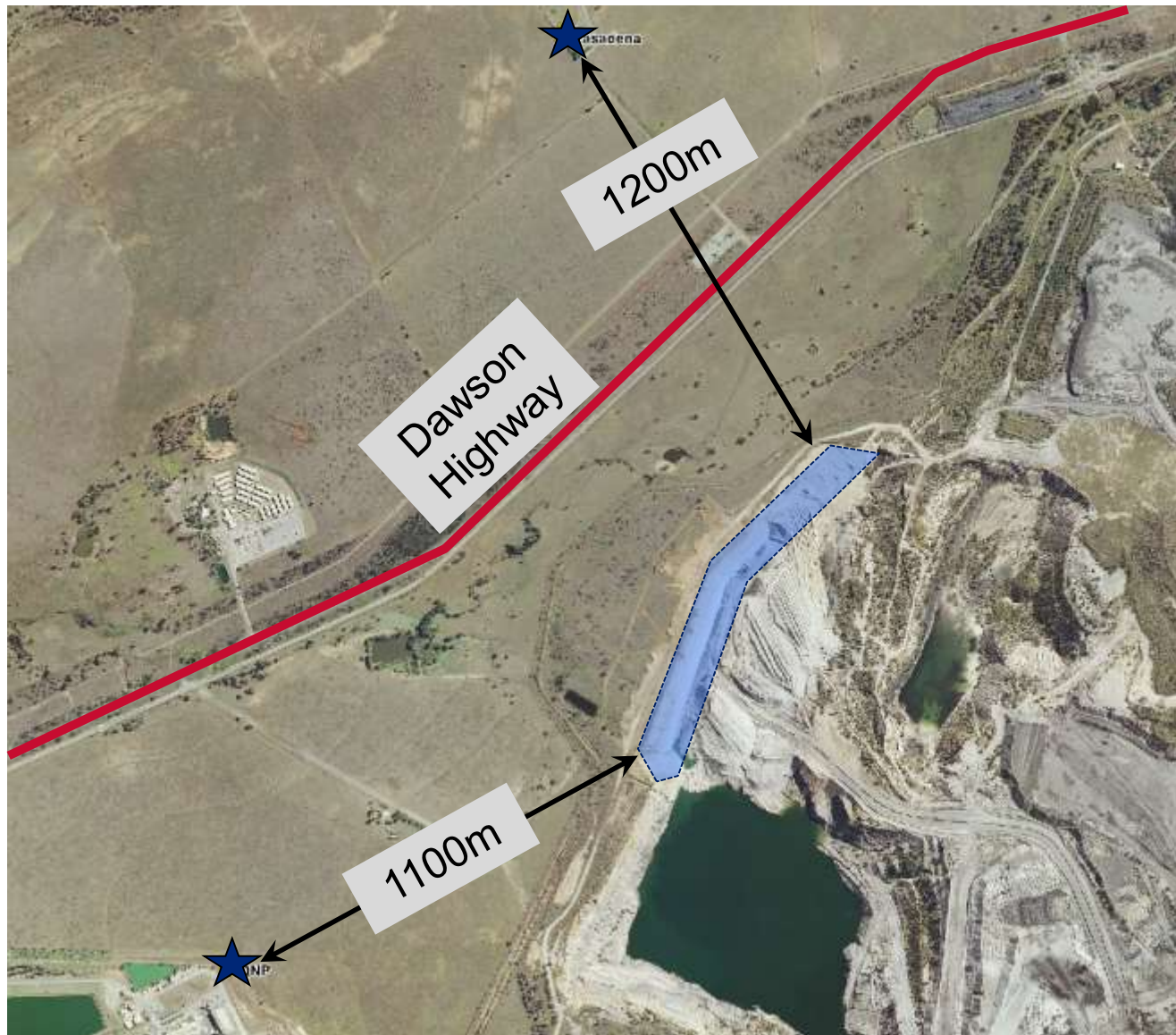


BLAST VIBRATION

D&B ENGINEER TOOL BOX

- **Geology**
- **Detonics**
- **Initiation system limitations**
- **Fundamentals of Vibration and Overpressure**







THE PROBLEM

- Hole depth ranged from 40 to 60m = 2000 to 3000kg bulk explosive
- Original assumption that using conservative approach from AS2187.2 would meet EA requirements

First Shot PPV (mm/s)	k = 1140		k = 1000		k = 800		k = 600	
	QNP	Pasadena	QNP	Pasadena	QNP	Pasadena	QNP	Pasadena
V	3.8	13.2	3.3	11.6	2.7	9.3	2.0	6.9
AI down the echelon	3.1	5.8	2.7	5.1	2.2	4.1	1.6	3.1
Flat	7.0	14.2	6.1	12.5	4.9	10.0	3.7	7.5
Stand Up	3.1	5.6	2.7	4.9	2.2	4.0	1.6	3.0
Second Shot PPV (mm/s)	k = 1140		k = 1000		k = 800		k = 600	
	QNP	Pasadena	QNP	Pasadena	QNP	Pasadena	QNP	Pasadena
V	5.8	13.6	5.1	11.9	4.1	9.5	3.1	7.2
AI down the echelon	5.5	6.1	4.8	5.4	3.9	4.3	2.9	3.2
Flat	12	14.14	10.5	12.4	8.4	9.9	6.3	7.4
Stand Up	5.5	6.05	4.8	5.3	3.9	4.2	2.9	3.2

THE PROBLEM REVISITED

However....

- **1000kg test holes indicated a vibration control constraint**
- **So a significant amount of engineering design went into the load and initiation design of the first blast.**

Single Deck

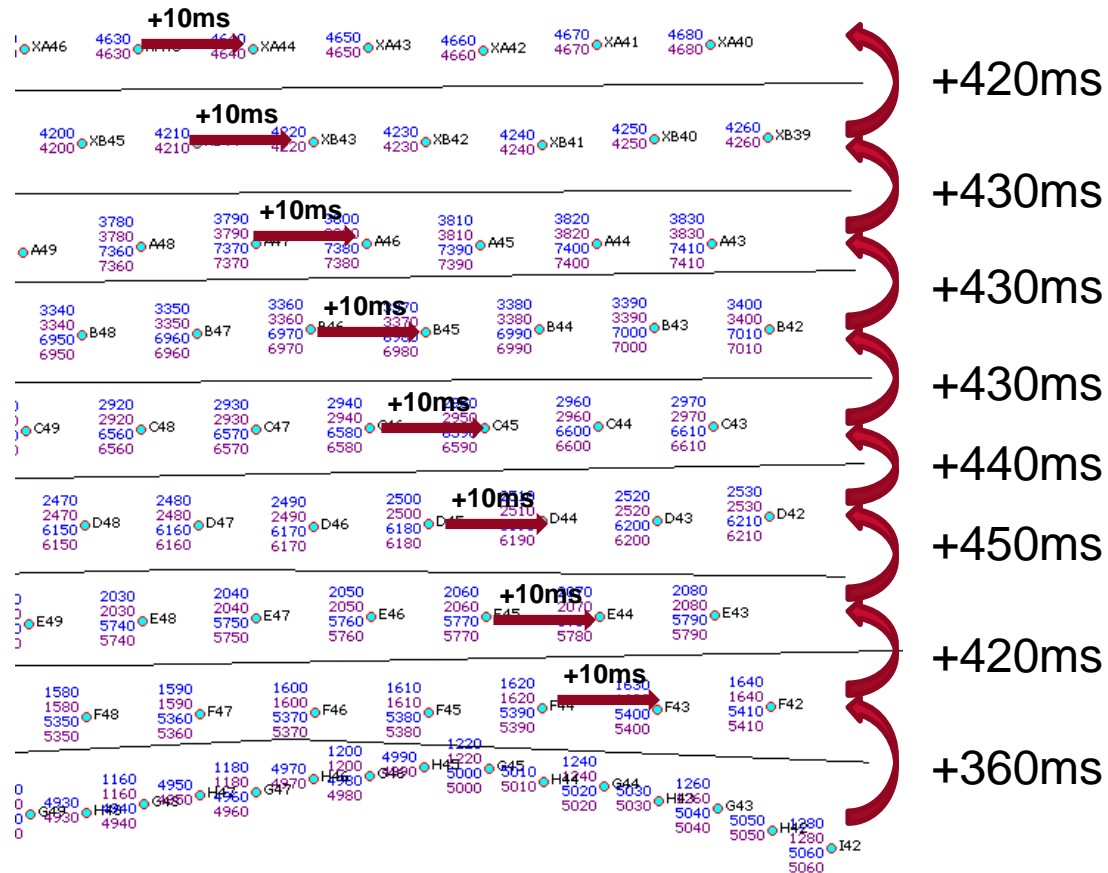
Triple Deck

Double Deck

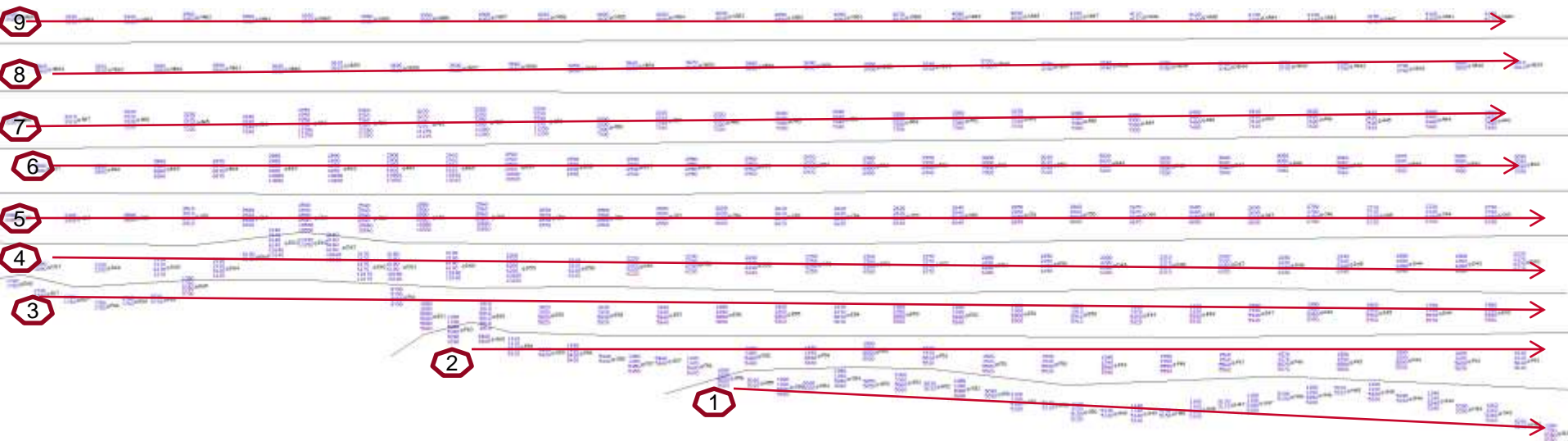
Toe Charge

4	4450 4450	4460 4460	4470 4470	4480 4480	4490 4490	4500 4500	4510 4510	4520 4520	45
	XA63	XA62	XA61	XA60	XA59	XA58	XA57	XA56	
020 020	4030 4030	4040 4040	4050 4050	4060 4060	4070 4070	4080 4080	4090 4090	4100 4100	
	XB63	XB62	XB61	XB60	XB59	XB58	XB57	XB56	XB55
3600 3600 7180 7180	3610 3610 7190 7190	3620 3620 7200 7200	3630 3630 7210 7210	3640 3640 7220 7220	3650 3650 7230 7230	3660 3660 7240 7240	3670 3670 7250 7250	3680 3680 7260 7260	36
	A66	A65	A64	A63	A62	A61	A60	A59	
1160 1160	3170 3170	3180 3180	3190 3190	3200 3200	3210 3210	3220 3220	3230 3230	3240 3240	
	B66	B65	B64	B63	B62	B61	B60	B59	B58
2740 2740	2750 2750	2760 2760	2770 2770	2780 2780	2790 2790	2800 2800	2810 2810	2820 2820	28
	C66	C65	C64	C63	C62	C61	C60	C59	
2260 2260	2270 2270	2280 2280	2290 2290	2300 2300	2310 2310	2320 2320	2330 2330	2340 2340	
	D66	D65	D64	D63	D62	D61	D60	D59	D58
1850 1850	1860 1860	1870 1870	1880 1880	1890 1890	1900 1900	1910 1910	1920 1920	1930 1930	19
	E66	E65	E64	E63	E62	E61	E60	E59	
1460 1460	1470 1470	1480 1480	1490 1490	1500 1500	1510 1510	1520 1520	1530 1530	1540 1540	15
	F66	F65	F64	F63	F62	F61	F60	F59	F58

Timing Design



Timing Design



- 10ms b/w holes
- 300-400ms b/w rows
- 3000-4000ms b/w decks

FIRST BLAST



Results

Low Level vibration exceedance at QNP

Low Level overpressure exceedance at Pasadena

So....

Invitation for a
ROBUST discussion
with GM/SSE



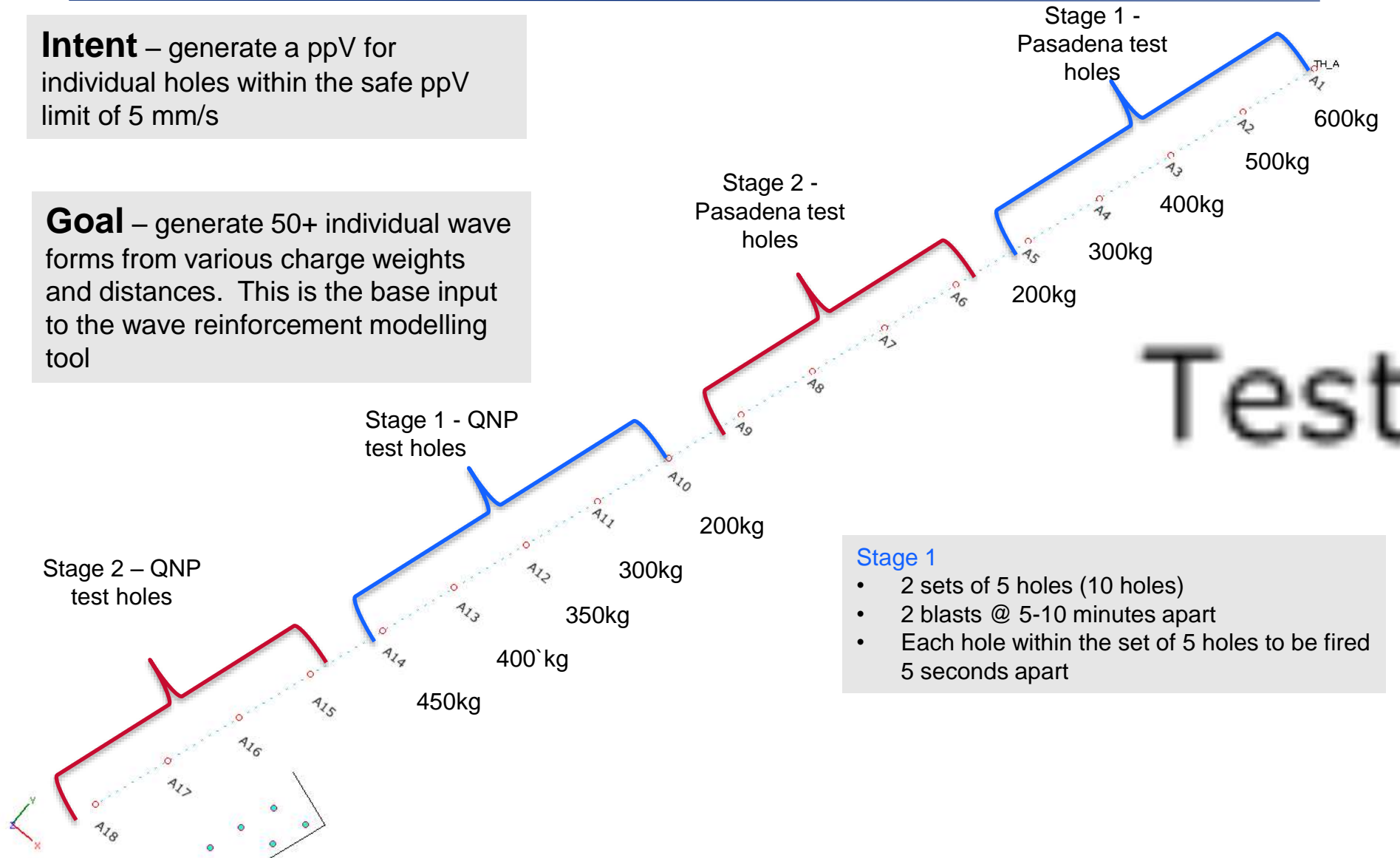
**Go out there and
engineer a solution**



Jan 2016 - Predicative ppV from wave reinforcement model

Intent – generate a ppV for individual holes within the safe ppV limit of 5 mm/s

Goal – generate 50+ individual wave forms from various charge weights and distances. This is the base input to the wave reinforcement modelling tool



Test Layout – Based on Scaled Distance Site Law

Hole ID	Charge (kg)	Stage	Shot Sequence	Dist to QNP	Predicted SD vibration @ QNP	Dist to Pasadena	Predicted SD vibration @ Pasadena
					500		500
TH_A1	500	Stage 1	2.1	1,657	2.8	1,546	3.0
TH_A2	450	Stage 1	2.2	1,641	2.6	1,563	2.8
TH_A3	400	Stage 1	2.3	1,625	2.5	1,580	2.6
TH_A4	300	Stage 1	2.4	1,609	2.1	1,597	2.1
TH_A5	200	Stage 1	2.5	1,593	1.7	1,613	1.7
TH_A6	TBC	Stage 2	4.1	1,577		1,630	
TH_A7	TBC	Stage 2	4.2	1,561		1,647	
TH_A8	TBC	Stage 2	4.3	1,545		1,664	
TH_A9	TBC	Stage 2	4.4	1,529		1,680	
TH_A10	200	Stage 1	1.5	1,513	1.8	1,697	1.6
TH_A11	300	Stage 1	1.4	1,496	2.3	1,714	2.0
TH_A12	350	Stage 1	1.3	1,480	2.6	1,731	2.1
TH_A13	400	Stage 1	1.2	1,464	2.8	1,748	2.3
TH_A14	450	Stage 1	1.1	1,448	3.1	1,765	2.4
TH_A15	TBC	Stage 2	3.4	1,432		1,782	
TH_A16	TBC	Stage 2	3.3	1,416		1,799	
TH_A17	TBC	Stage 2	3.2	1,400		1,816	
TH_A18	TBC	Stage 2	3.1	1,384		1,833	
Test#1a	1000		0.0	1,250	5.9	2,000	3.4
	1500		0.0	1,250	7.6	2,000	4.3

Stage 1 - Pasadena
Predicted vibration
< 3 mm/s



Orica Monitor

Orica Monitor

Stage 1 - QNP
Predicted vibration
< 3.1mm/s



Orica Monitor

Orica Monitor

Orica Monitor

Stage 1 – 2 x 5 holes

Stage 2 – 2 x 5 holes

Test #1 Holes

Blast #1

Test #2 Holes



Test Results

- All EA requirements met

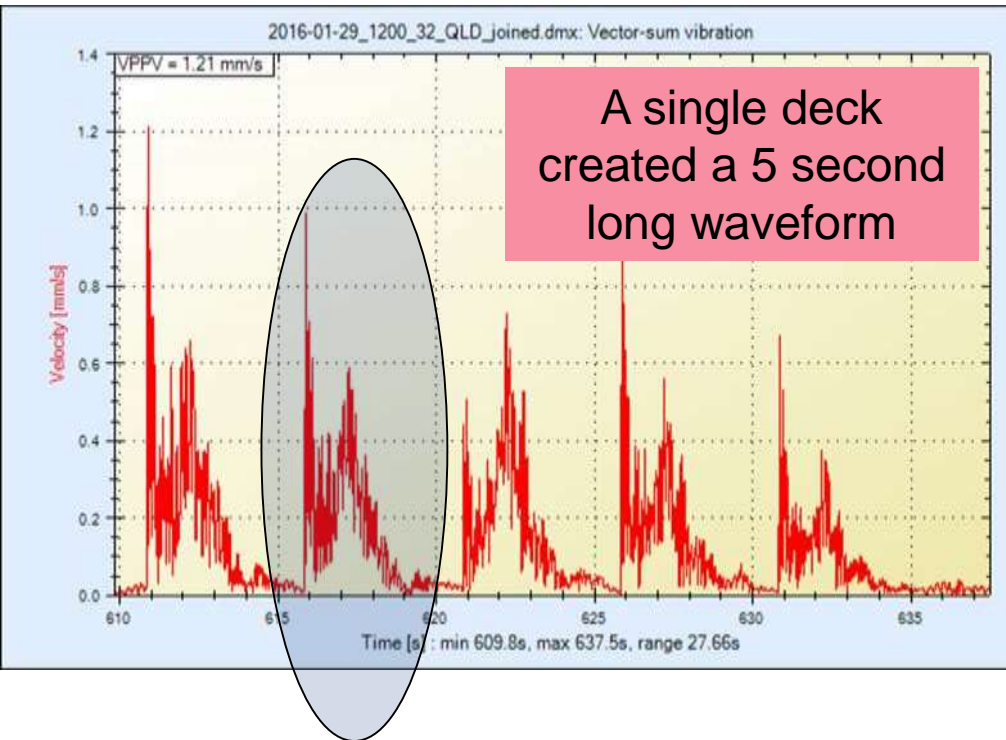
But....

- When Kim Henley (ORICA) rings me up and says to the effect

**“Very interesting results
I wasn’t expecting”**

My confidence turned to a worried frown.

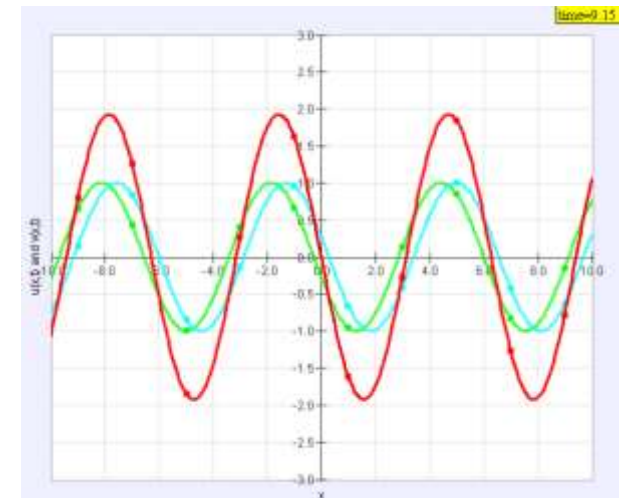




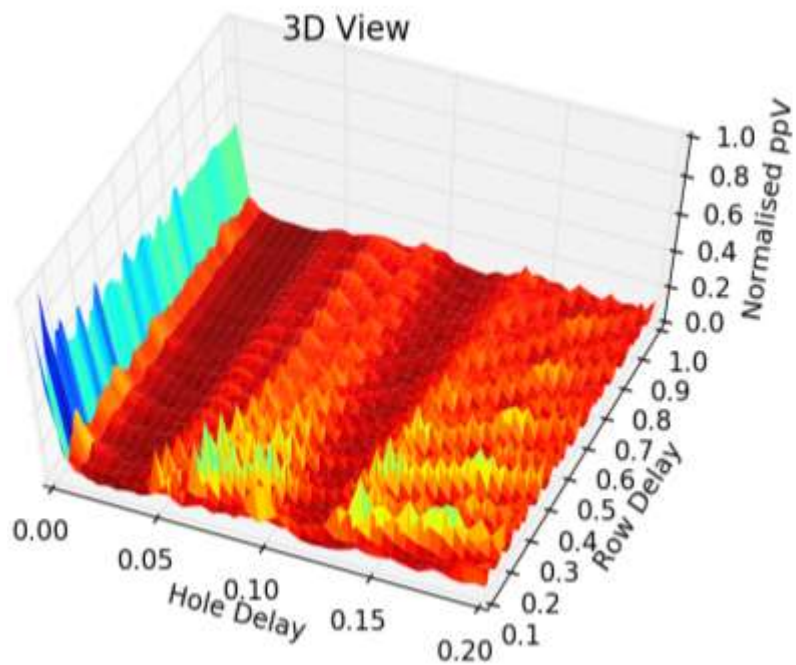
The object is to model
Wave Super
Positioning

Seed waveform

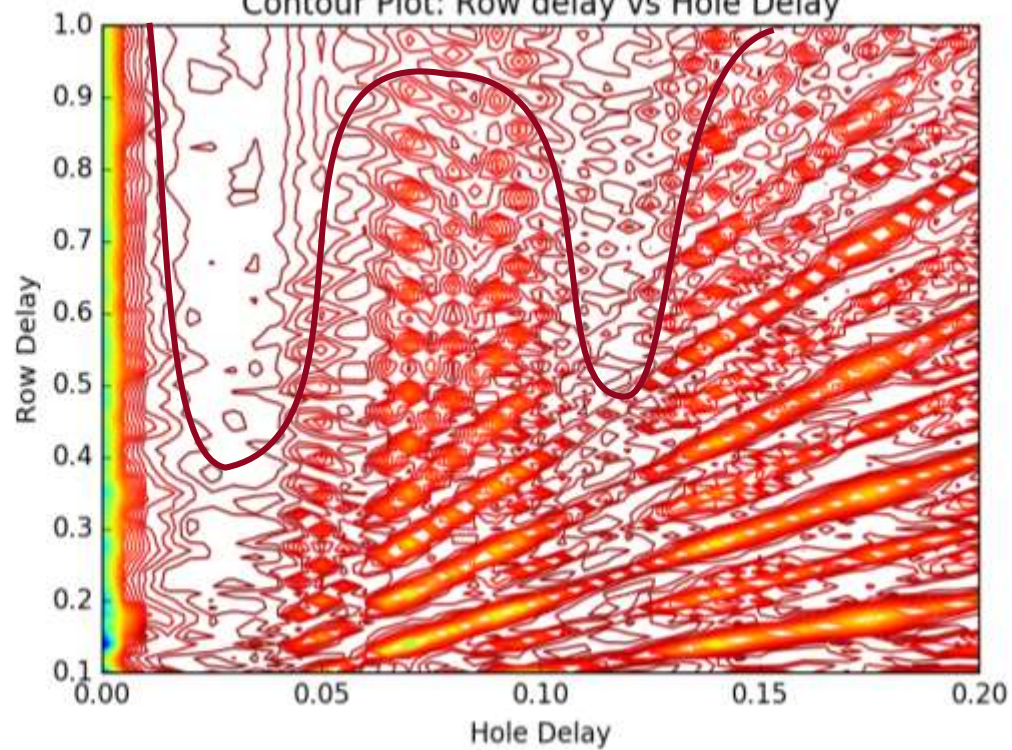
Multiple Seed
waveforms
modelled in blast
simulation



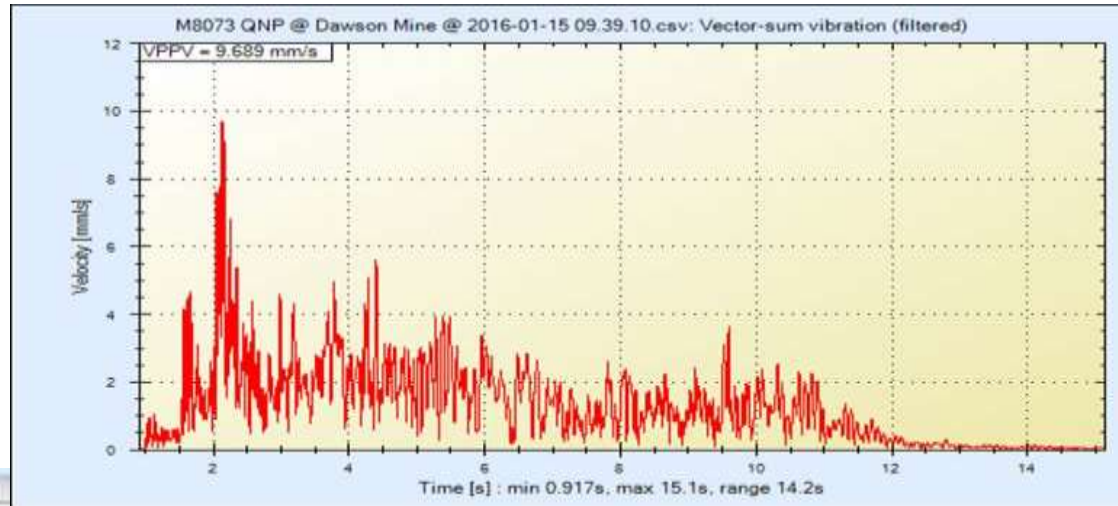
3D View



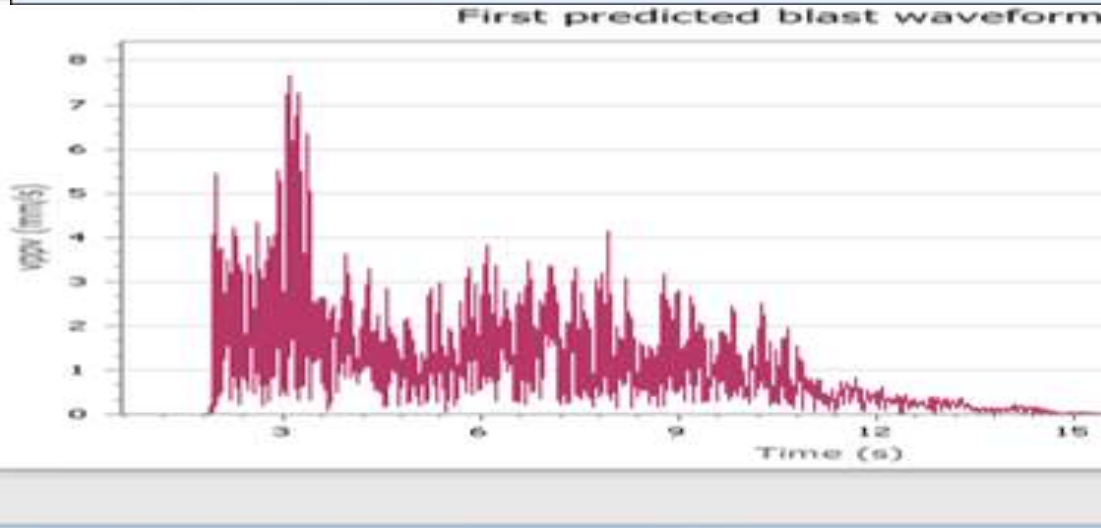
Contour Plot: Row delay vs Hole Delay



Feb 16 – Building Vibration Prediction Model



1 - Actual Vibration Wave
From 1st blast



2 – Predicted Vibration Wave
from 1st blast

7 Blasts - Feb 16 to Aug16

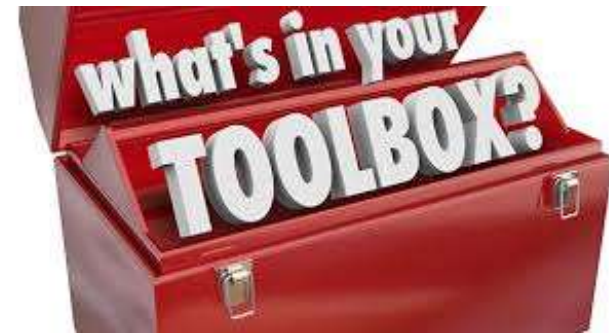




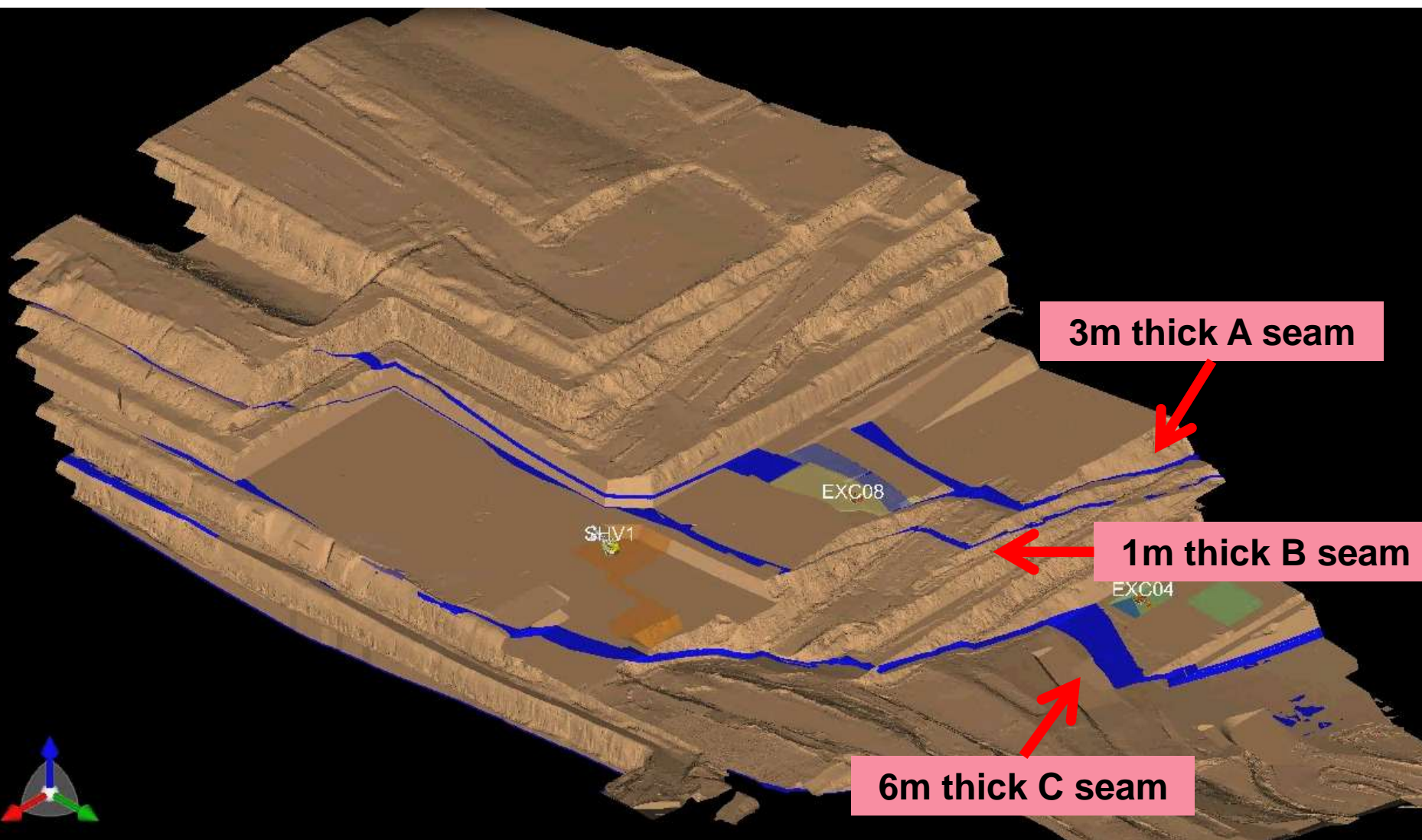
THROUGH SEAM BLASTING

D&B ENGINEER TOOL BOX

- Mine planning
- Mine scheduling
- Geotechnical to maintain safe pit walls
- Mine Geology
- Detonics
- Initiation system limitations
- Vibration and Overpressure fundamentals



THROUGH SEAM BLASTING



Through Seam Blasting Methodology

OPTION 1

Blast the bottom first then the top.

This maximises confinement of the charge below the target seam hence minimise movement

OPTION 2

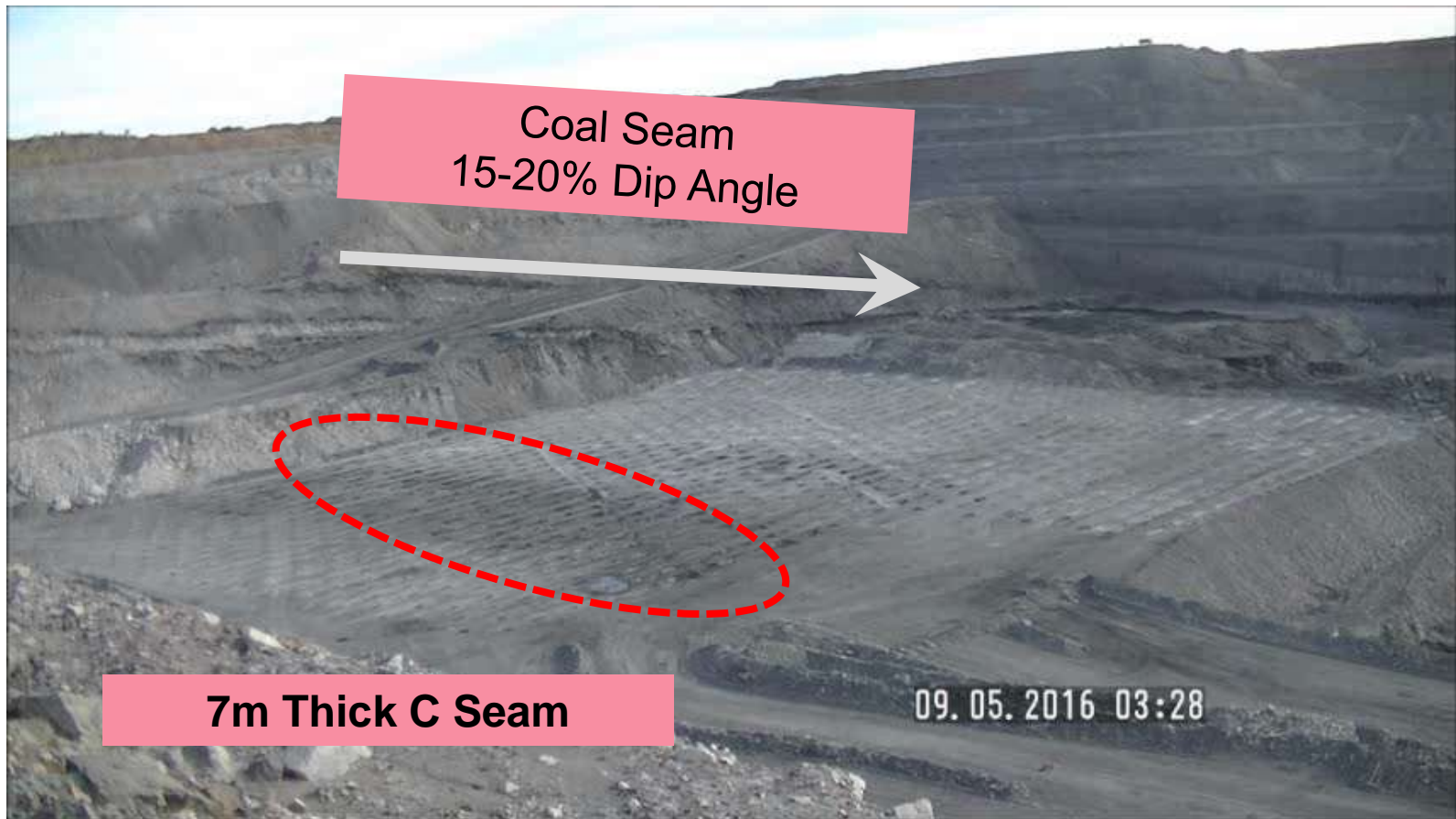
Blast the top first then the bottom.

A significant timing delay MUST be applied to the bottom deck to allow the material above the target seam to settle and provide confinement

D&B CONSIDERATIONS

- **Correct geometry of decks within the same horizon**
- **Separation distances to mitigate risk of shrink wrapping of EBC**
- **Complexity of loading from a production perspective**
- **Stemming lengths when the coal day lights out on the bench**
- **Explosive deck stand-off distances from roof and floor of target seam**
- **Complexity of timing Design**
- **Direction of Firing**

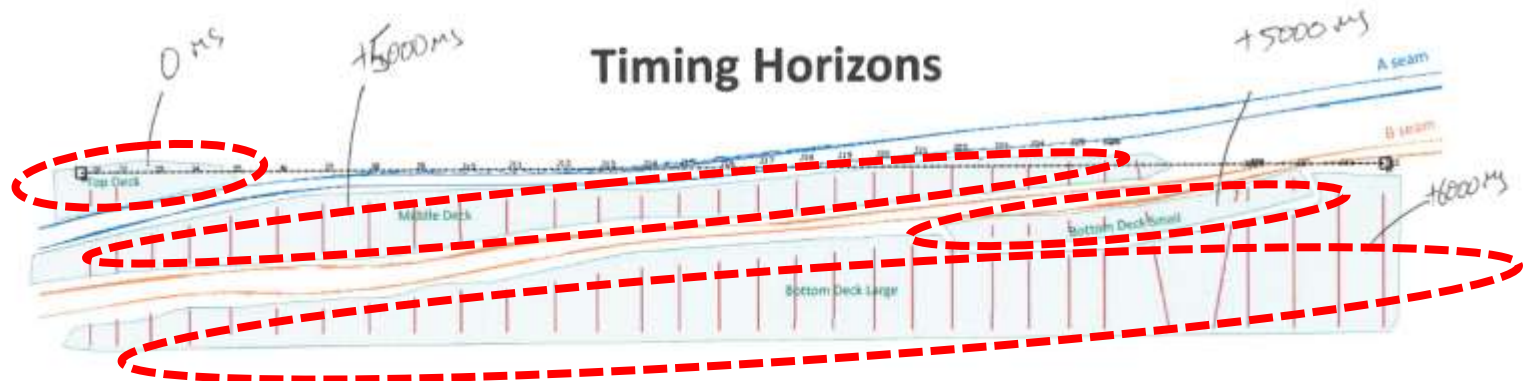
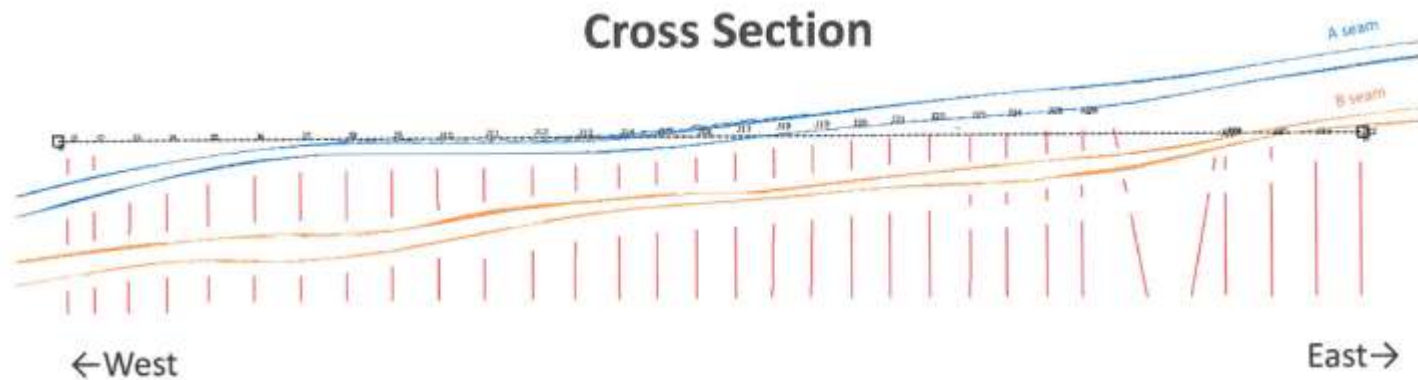
OPTION 1 – Bottom then Top



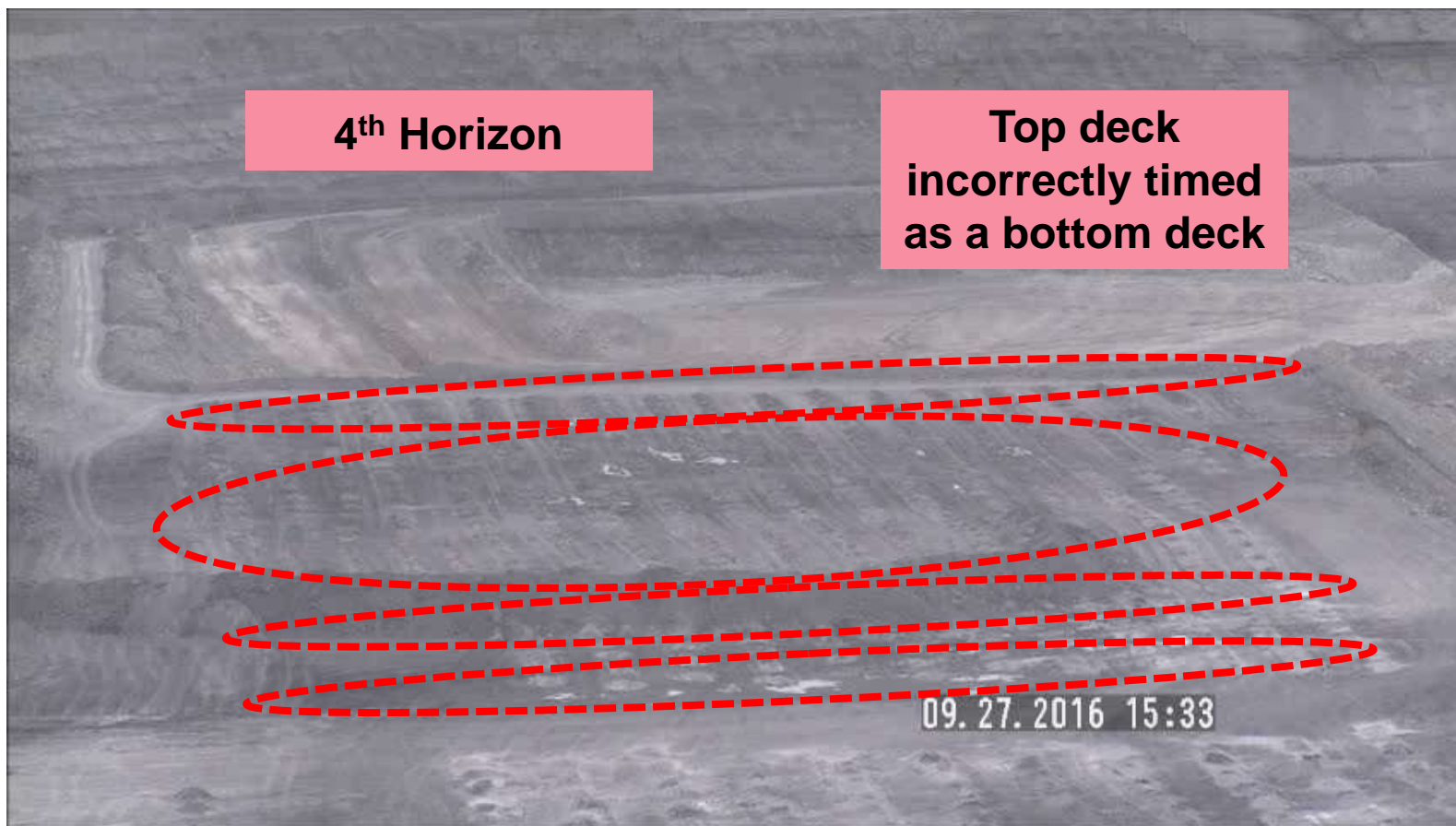
OPTION 2 – Top then Bottom



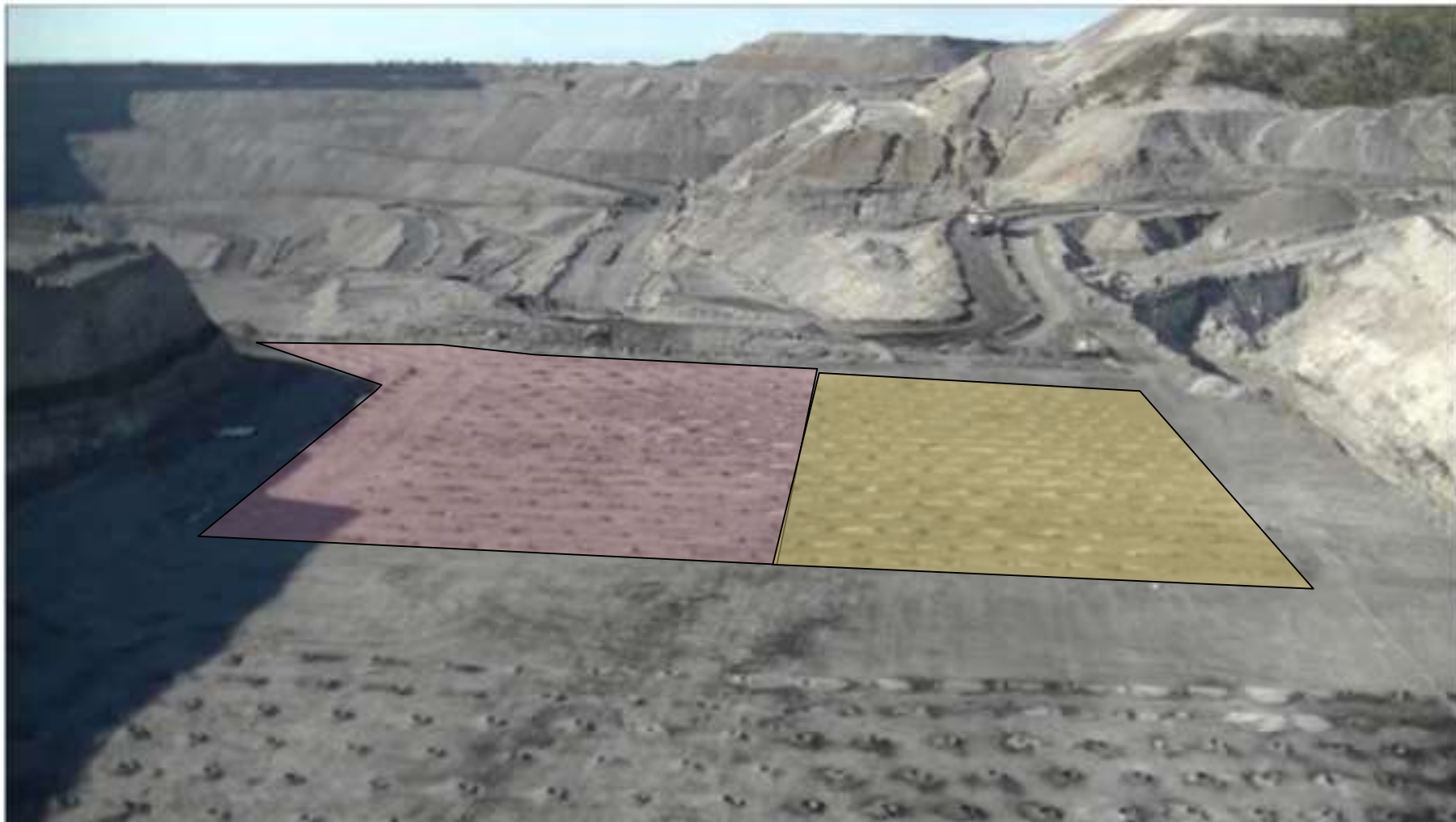
Complex Timing Designs – 1 deck out of 1000



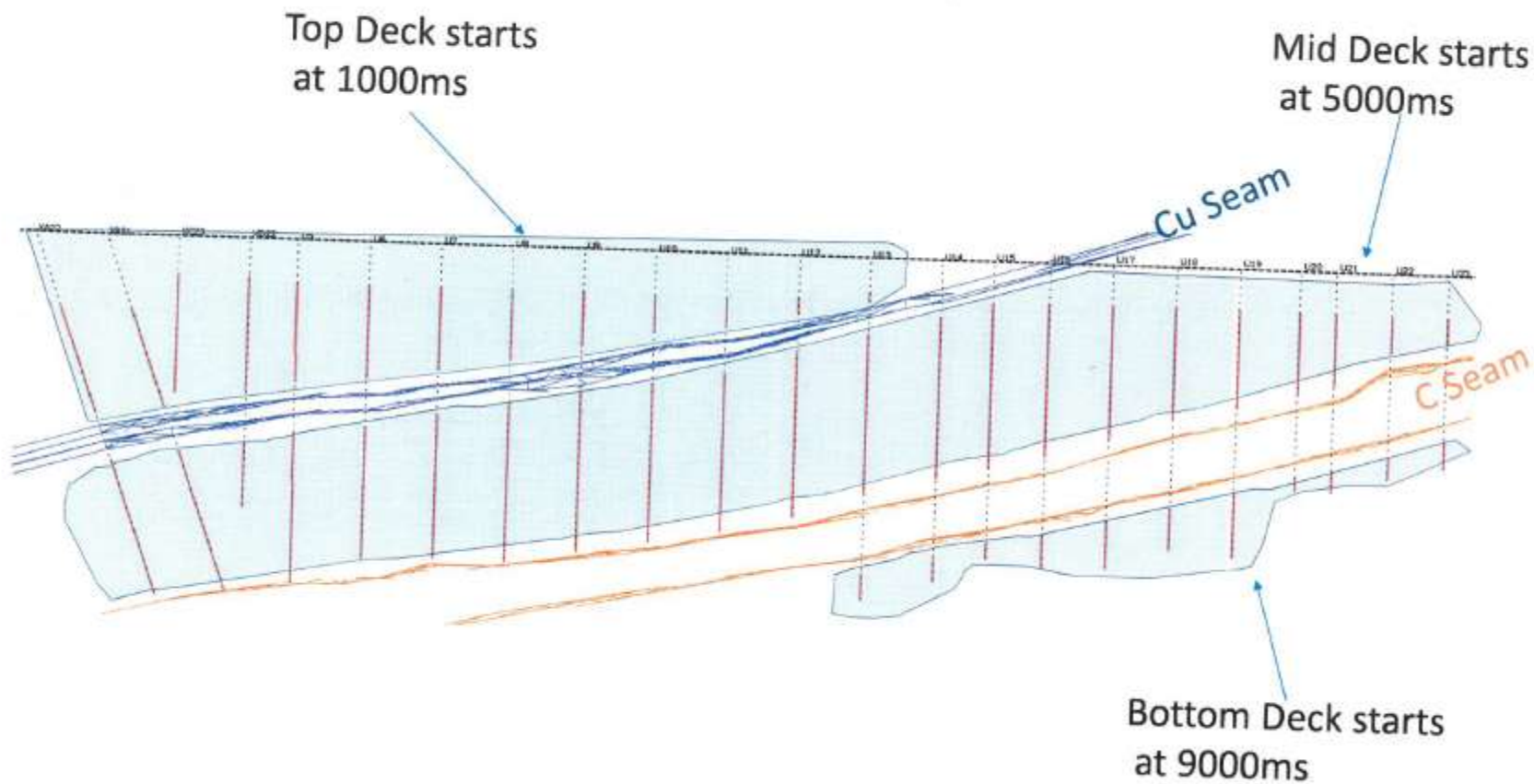
Complex Timing Designs – 1 deck out of 1000



DIRECTION OF FIRING – UP DIP or DOWN DIP



BEAR TRAPS



DIRECTION OF FIRING – UP DIP or DOWN DIP



Bench Preparation for Steeply Dipping Seam

D&B ENGINEER TOOL BOX

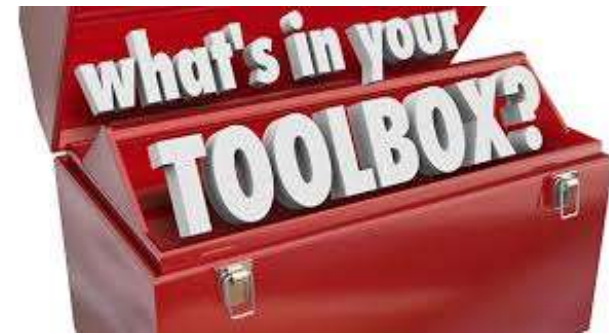
Mine Planning

Mine Scheduling

Geology

Detonics

Initiation system limitations



HOW DO YOU DRILL THIS WITH A D90K?



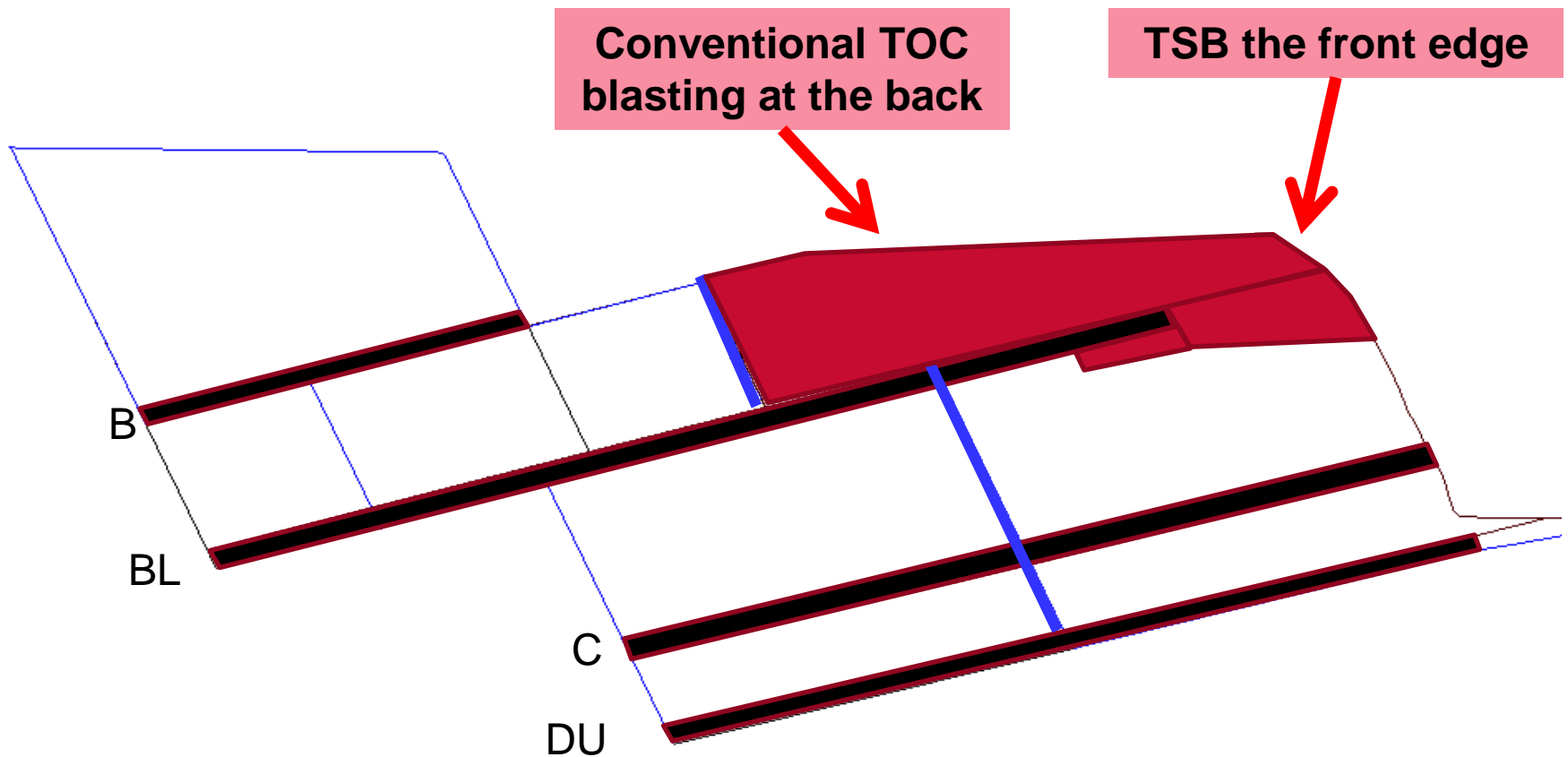
Blasting Cable Grades



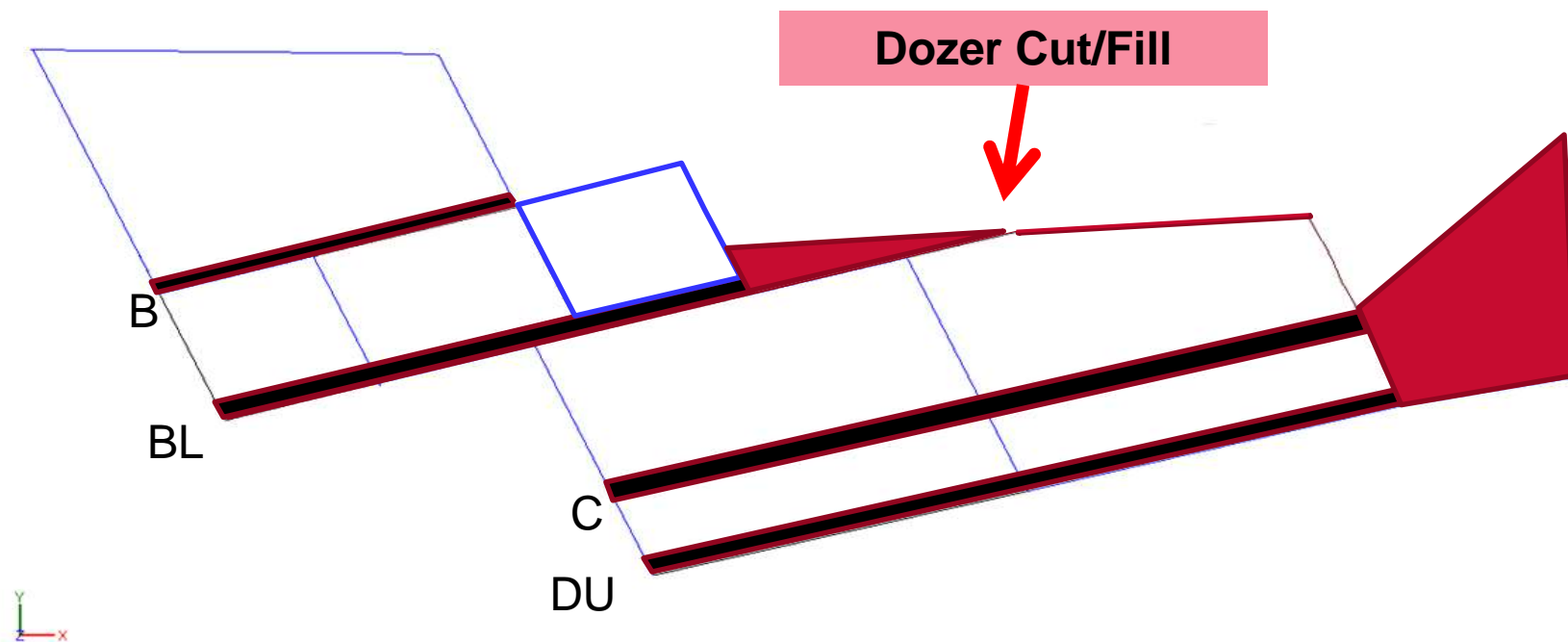
THE EXPENSIVE WAY IS TO FILL THE BENCH BACK IN



THE D&B SOLUTION



THE D&B SOLUTION



THE D&B SOLUTION



MINE SCHEDULING CONSTRAINTS

D&B ENGINEER TOOL BOX

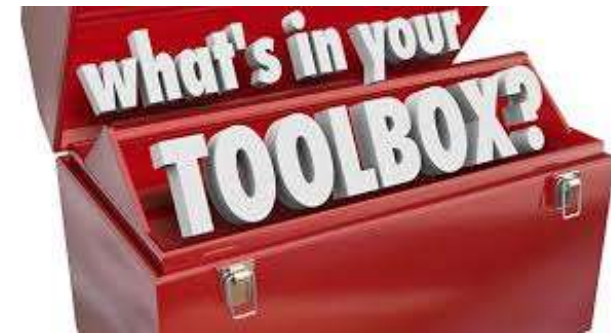
Mine Planning

Mine Scheduling

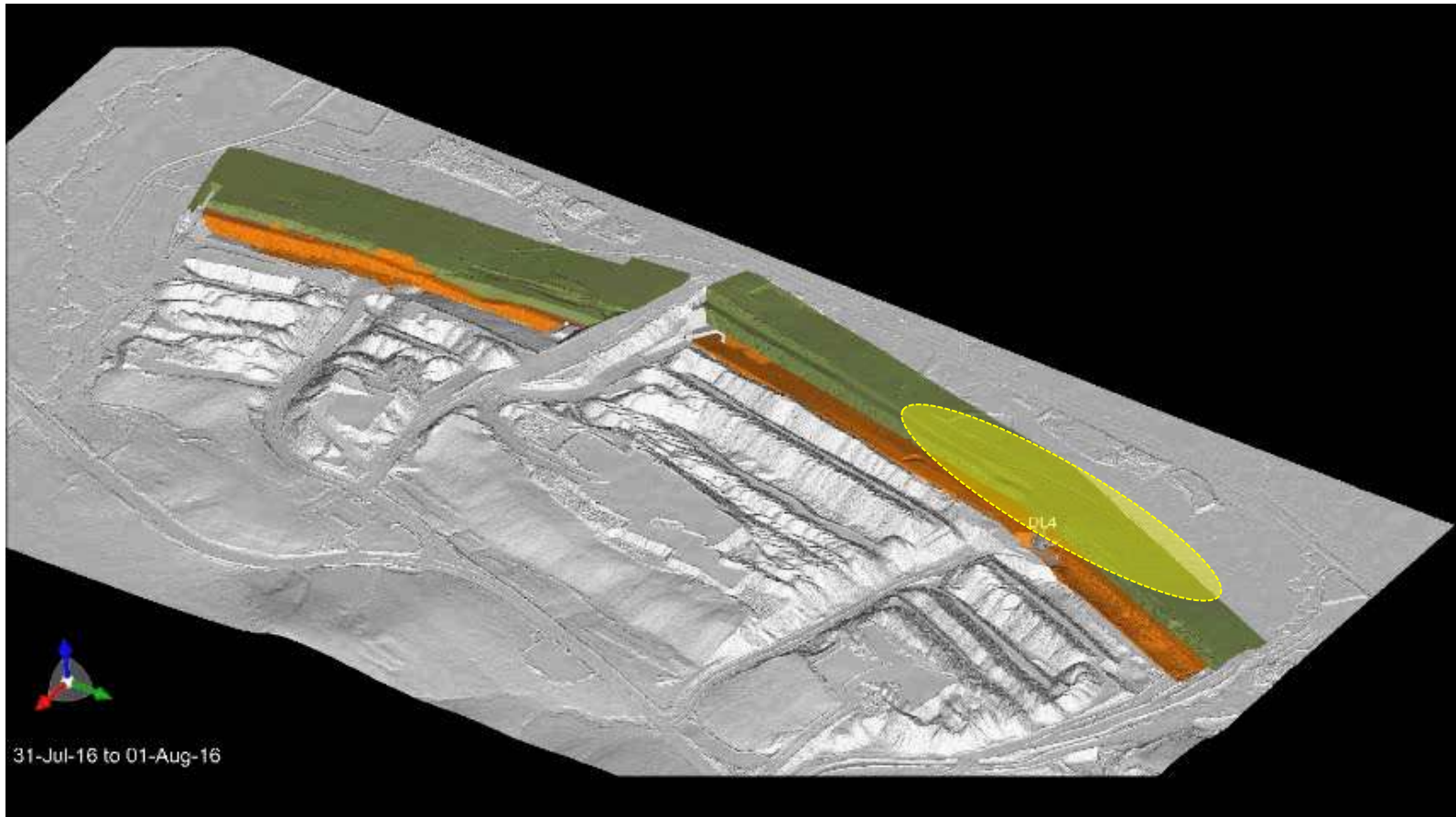
Geology

Initiation system limitations

Detonics



Deswik Short Term Dragline Schedule



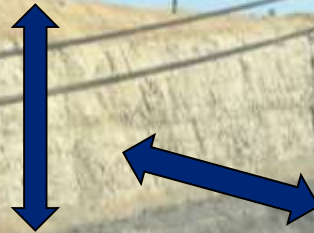


AngloAmerican

MINE SCHEDULING CONSTRAINTS

Intent

Build blasted inventory ahead of DL4



Goal

- **Blast 20-30m high bench**
- **No movement past the 25m catch bench**



D&B CONSIDERATIONS

- Face burden / burden movement
- Depth to BOW
- Effective pf per row
- Delay timing between rows
- Overpressure constraints



Final Profile



THROUGH SEAM BLASTING IN DL STRIPS

D&B ENGINEER TOOL BOX

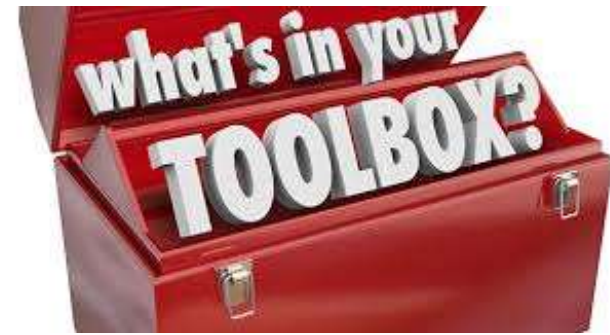
Mine Planning

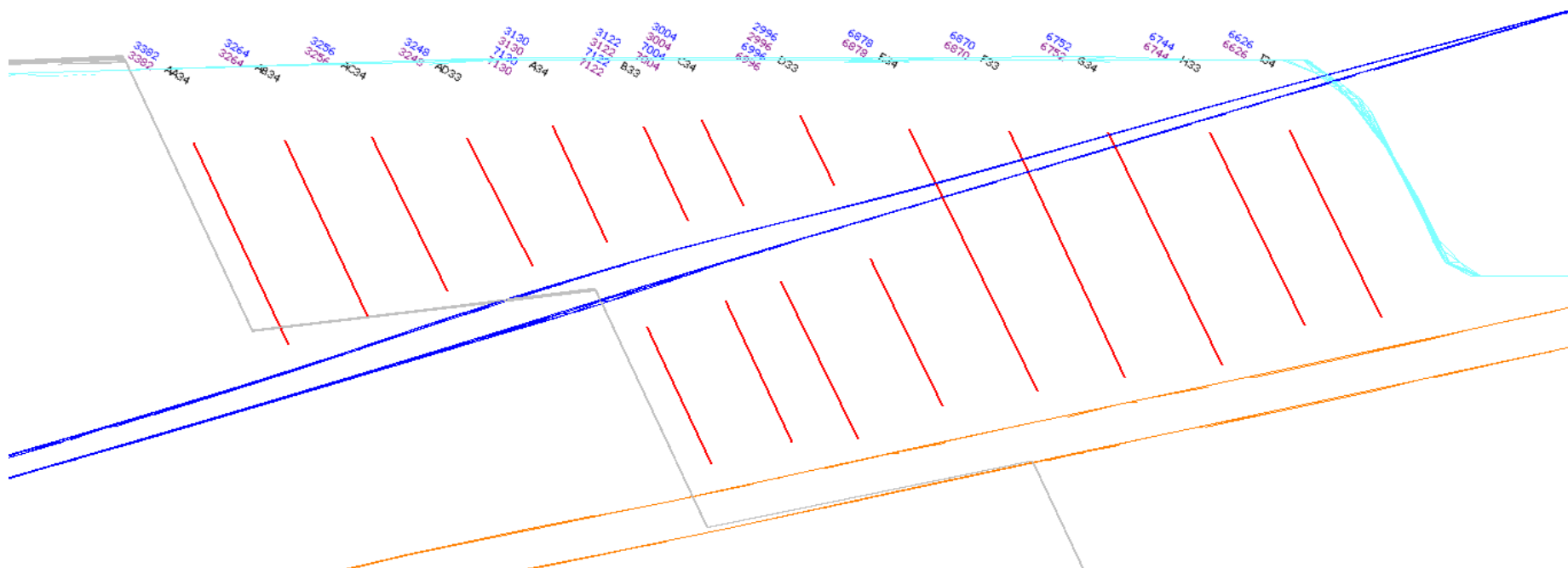
Mine Scheduling

Geology

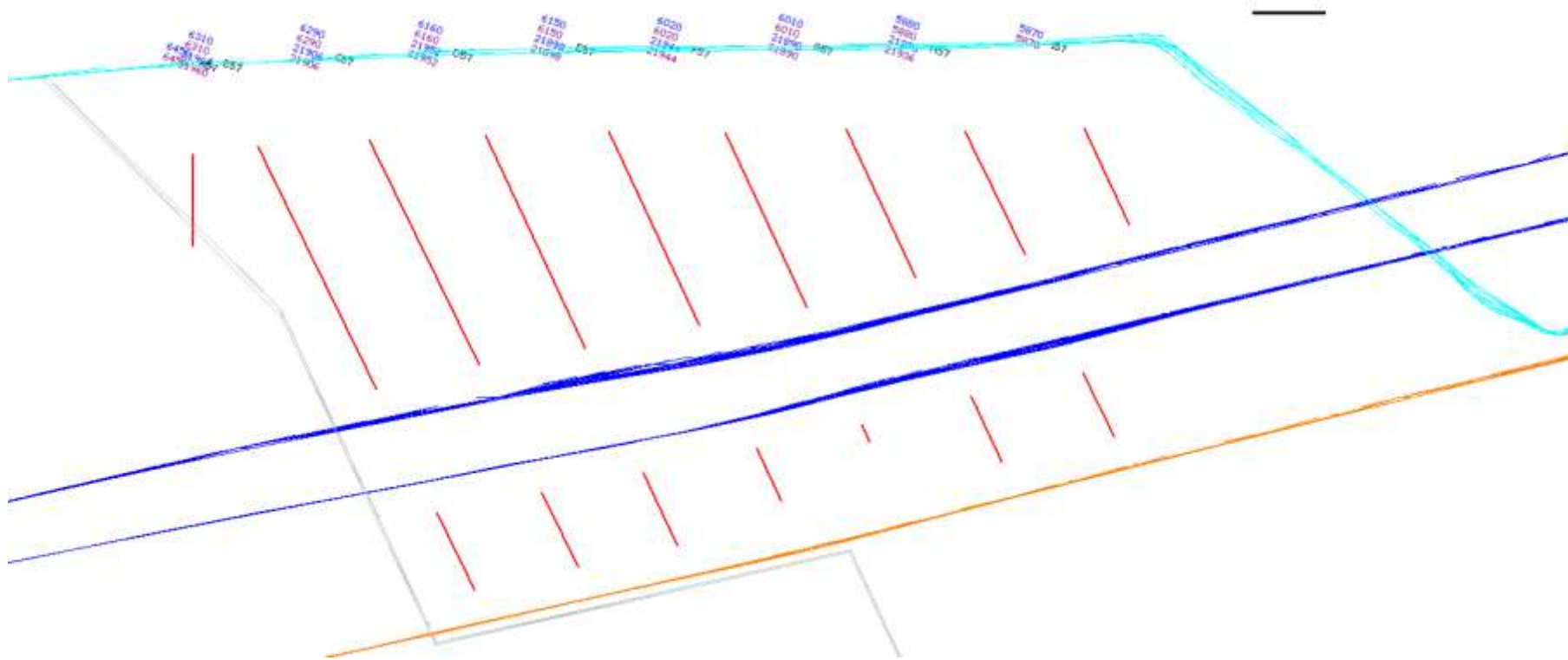
Initiation system limitations

Detonics











Have you had enough challenges??

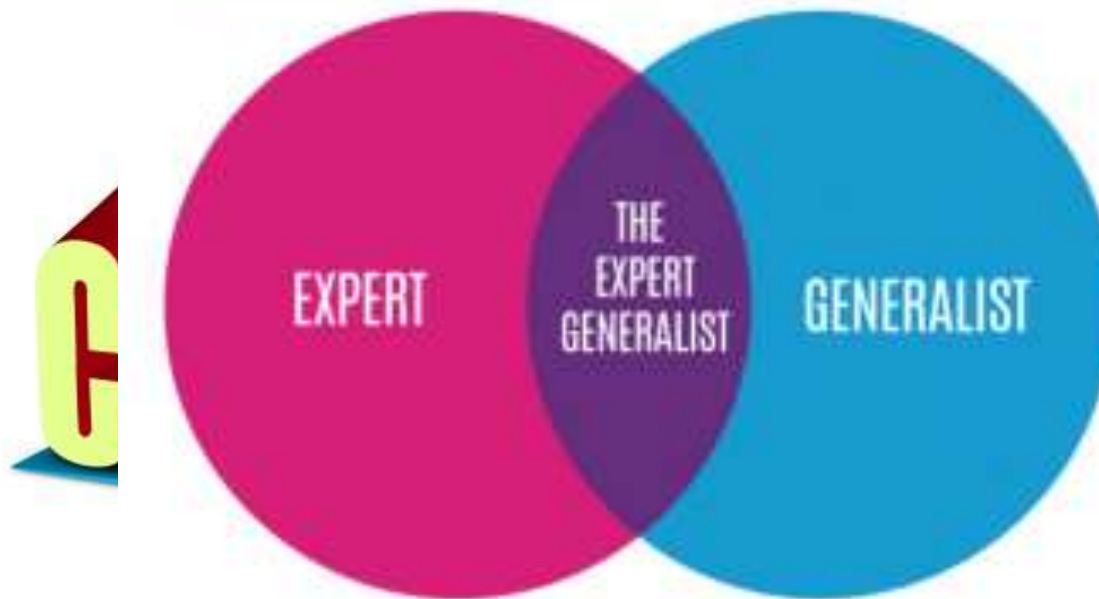
Lessons learned from a day at Dawson Mine?

- **Extremely complex D&B process.**
- **Driving mining costs down by 30% in 3 years**
- **Required a very tight mining schedule**
- **Pushed requirements of D&B technical designs well past the bounds of “NORMAL”**
- **Increased pressures of safe and timely delivery of D&B production processes**

The Current D&B Team at Dawson Mine

What is the level of **compromise** between a generalist and a specialist?

Jack of All Trades, Master of...



My challenge to the industry

How do we stem the knowledge leakage from D&B Engineering?